

These topics hold the art and design skills and knowledge through which the children create and self-express.

The **key** art and design skills are:

Drawing

Painting

3-D Modelling

Collage

Textiles

Printmaking

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
<u>Drawing</u> Exploring mark making. Using different pencil s B 2B 4B & 6B. Finger drawing with paint. Responding to stories, descriptive drawing of Hairy McClary and the 3 little pigs. Drawing descriptive words, wavy, straight, jagged, wiggly etc. Drawing on different surfaces.	<u>Drawing</u> Responding to words (descriptive vocabulary) Making marks in response to music, Listening to six genres and drawing inpaint how this makes us feel. Drawing on different surfaces with different mediums, chalk, pencil, felts, crayons. Responding to thestory of Plop, the owl who was afraid of the dark and observational drawing of toys.	<u>Drawing</u> Artist Vincent van Gogh. Exploring shading and tone, which pencil to use for what purpose. Line work, linear, exploringline making. Hatching in different tones, light, mid and dark. Responding to the story of the Hippocrump first in pencil then in colour. Using imagination. Pattern work, can I continue the patternin pattern and colour? Developing the pattern.
<u>Printmaking</u> Leaning and using the Primary colours. Using different objects to print with, cork, sponge and paper, comparing markings. Negative printing, cutting shapes and printing in the space left. Clay printing, pressing object into the clay, paint over and print. Can we see the shapes? Collograph printing, making simple printing blocks, elastic, cardboard and matchsticks. Printing to see the marks made. Press print. First time using, press into the foam.	<u>3D</u> Aboriginal art, learning about aborigines. Painting with corks,cotton buds in the style. Making and decorating a didgeridoo. Clay work, manipulating the clay with fingers and clay tools. Responding to and following instruction to the stories with clay tomake sculptures of King Cuthbert, The Magic Garden and Matildathe Hen.	<u>Collage</u> Artist of study, Paul Klee, Victor Varasley and Henri Matisse. The use of primary colours creating secondary colours. Recreating Paul Klee's Highways and Byways using primary and secondary coloured papers. Black and white optical art in the styleof Varasley, Ruler/measuring skills and scissors/cutting skills. Why Matisse went from painting to Collage, who can remember Matissefrom year one? Create collage in his style.
<u>3D</u> Looking at the artist Andy Goldsworthy. Shape and line. Outside artwith leaves, stones and sticks. Natural vs Man made. Creating art with classroom objects, split by colour or shape. Clay work responding to stories, Henry the pebble and Nancy and Wilfred. Fine motor skills. Manipulating the clay. Making impressions in clay.	Textiles Explaining what textiles mean, sewing, knitting, using fabric etc. Dip dying white cotton fabric squares with Brusho dyein the primary colours, what happens when the colours touch? Drawing on fabric, how is it different to paper? Rubbings on paperthen on fabric, what is the difference? Printing on fabric, using fabric paints. Simple sewing on large binka with safety needles.	<u>Printmaking</u> Responding to the story The Coach Trip in groups using rollers etc. to follow the adventure. Look at each others, can you retell the story from their prints? Printing over textured surfaces. What do we think the results will be, are they the results we predicted? Monoprinting on acetate, oil based printing ink with rollers, scratch away design and print. Animal skins and furs, recreate on clay and print. Fingerprint art.
<u>Painting</u> Looking at artists Kandinsky, Matisse and Jasper Johns. Leaning how to hold and use a brush and artist's rag. Shape and colour, emotions and colour, what we recognise as anger, calm, happy. Thick and thin brush work, control of the brush. Responding to the stories, Spots on the tummy, King Cuthbert's birthday, The Princess and the Peaand Fred the Dragon. All brush control, following instructions.	Painting Studying artists Kandinsky and Anthony Frost. Using colour for emotion, painting to music in the style of Kandinsky. Writing in paint, mastering the brush, how to hold it, using the tipfor detail. Investigating paper to paint on, will any paper do? Responding to stories in paint, Wilberforce the Frog, on white paper and black, what is different about the colours? The QuangleWangles Hat, choose and paint with watercolours.	<u>Painting</u> Investigating colour and shades of colour, colour families, Hot and cold colours. Looking at paint charts, making our own, one colour adding white and black, name each shade. Lightening and darkening colours. Artists Van Gogh, Constable, Turner, Hambling and Lanyon, looking at their sky and sea scapes. Recreating in each of their styles. Which did they enjoy and why? Tonking and sgraffitotechniques, using sea and sky as theme.

Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
<u>Drawing</u> Shading and tone, pencil work, linear, what pencil for what? Light and dark tones. Responding to the story The Hippocrump, What do we think he looks like? What are the clues? Observational drawing of natural forms, feathers cones, rocks etc. Artists John Brunsdon (landscapes, contour and shade) William Morris (patterns) Bridget Riley (optical art)	<u>Drawing</u> . Creating Hundertwasser inspired buildings picture, addingan acetate layer then in marker pen drawing linear on top (layered imaging). Observational drawing Fruits and vegetables, looking for the markings and light. Drawing from imagination, what COULD be inside those fruits etc. Negative drawing, white on black and black onwhite. Using chalk and charcoal self portraits in the Auerbach style.	<u>Drawing</u> Tone, light, mid and dark tones. Recognising when to use which pencil. Self portrait showing tone with a pop art style three colours to show tone. Portraits of staff and leaders. Observational drawing of fresh fruits and vegetables cut open. First in pencil then inpastel showing tone. Face off, half face matched as realistic as possible, other half in Picasso style. Artist Picasso.	
Painting Mastering the paint brush, how to hold, how to use successfully. To use a brush like a pencil, to draw in paint. Artists Georgia O'Keefe (watercolours how to use correctly) JMW Turner(Skies and seas with more than one colour) Painting on different surfaces are all surfaces good for painting? Writing as finely as possible on these painting surfaces using the tip of the brush. Understanding shading with paint and overpainting.	Printmaking_Artist Michael Rothenstien. Reduction Block Printing.Planning a suitable design, flowers, boats etc. Split into thirds. One third yellow, one red and one blue. Each week we carve the third into the press print foam Adding the next layer the following week until all three are added. This builds up the finished print.	<u>Textiles</u> Painting fabric with Brusho fabric dye, watching colours merge to create new. Drawing on the dyed fabric with pen buildings and structures from architect Norman Foster. Sewing a simple purseadding a button, button hole and seams. Decorated with cross stitch. Using needles and thread creating a simple pattern. Cross stitch, making a Christmas design in cross stitch.	
3D_Clay work, Coiled pot with lid. Using two colours of clay to createa small delicate pot, some will make a lid to fit. Paper sculptures (Quilling) to form a 3D image, using black and white card and paper, measuring and cutting skills. Glued into position. Brown gummed paper 3D shoe. Design, make, decorate, name and advertise shoe. Using old shoes to create a base before cutting them out to leave ashell.	<u>3D</u> Artist Alberto Giacometti. Drawing of the human form, proportion. Create a statue in the style of Giacometti. Using wires, masking tape, mod roc plaster and clay to build up a human form. Decorated with metallic paint. This takes four weeks. Clay slab vaseswith a coloured inlay. If time, paper tissue bowls.	<u>3D</u> Rainforest animal masks made from brown gummed paper. Usinga balloon, tissue paper and gummed paper, with a partner cover twice. When dry cut in half add modifications and gum paper again. Paint white, then paint in chosen animal, realistically. Add fastening. Clay work, sculptures in human form in the style of artist Henry Moore. Reclining woman and woman and child sculptures.	
<u>Textiles</u> Dip dying white cotton fabric squares into primary coloured dyes. Printing on dyed fabric with fabric paints. Tie dye. Using a t- shirt, learning different tie-dye techniques. Dyed with primary coloureddyes in technique of choice. T-shirts then worn for P.E. at school. Looking at artist Michael Brennan-Wood. Embellishing fabric in hisstyle including simple sewing stitches on Binka fabric.	Painting Artists studied, Chris Ofili Derain and Matisse. Self portraitin Ofili style using paints close to his colours with added texture. Using an acetates layer paint over the portrait in his style. Fauvist painters Matisse and Derain, strong, bold, unrealistic colours. Abstract images. Mixing colours while painting straight onto the page. Black outlines. Wallpaper patterns, continue and change inpattern and colour.	Painting Artists Patrick Heron, Patrick Caulfield, Picasso and Braque. Coastlines in the style of Heron, merging colour into eachother on the paper. Abstract or realistic, birds eye view. Colour families, warm and cold, emotion, seasonal. Cubist painting itemsaround the classroom, chairs etc. Bold colours, black outlines.	

The schema creates continual opportunities for the key skills to be revisited (spaced learning). Different aspects of art and design are also covered within each topic and year group allowing for interleaving to occur. This aids long-term memory as knowledge and concepts are interconnected and revisited throughout the child's journey through school.

Art and Design Skills:

Produce creative work and exploring their				
Produce creative work and exploring their ideas and recording experiences				

Know about great artists, craft makers and designers- understand historical and cultural development of the art form Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art and craft techniques

Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design

EYFS

Expressive arts and design



Exploring and using

media and materials

Building our understanding of art and design on solid foundations.

Being Imaginative

Children explore what happens when they mix colour

Children construct with a purpose in mind using a variety of resources

Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinkingabout uses and purposes. They represent theirown ideas, thoughts and feelings through art and design

Children experiment to create different textures

Children understand that different media can be combined to create different effects

Children create simple representations of events, people and objects

Chooses particular colours for a purpose

Use simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately Children select appropriate resources and adapt work where necessary

Children select tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using

Create alongside others engaging in the same theme

Work cooperatively during a creative task



<u>Drawing</u>	<u>Printing</u>	<u>3D</u>	<u>Painting</u>
<u>Drawing</u> Exploring mark making. Using different pencils B 2B 4B & 6B. Finger drawing with paint. Responding to stories, Descriptive drawing of Hairy McClary and the 3 little pigs. Drawing descriptive words, wavy, straight, jagged, wiggly etc. Drawing on different surfaces.	Printmaking Leaning and using the Primary colours. Using different objects to print with, cork, Sponge and paper, comparing markings. Negative printing, cutting shapes and printing in the space left. Clay printing, pressing object into the clay, paint over and print. Can we see the shapes? Collograph printing, making simple printing blocks, elastic, cardboard and matchsticks. Printing to see the marks made. Press print. First time using, press into the foam.	3D Looking at the artist Andy Goldsworthy. Shape and line. Outside art with leaves, stones and sticks. Natural vs Man made. Creating art with classroom objects, split by colour or shape. Clay work responding to stories, Henry the Pebbleand Nancy and Wilfred. Fine motor skills. Manipulating the clay. Making impressions in clay.	Painting Looking at artists Kandinsky Matisse and Jasper Johns. Leaning how to hold and use a brush and artist's rag. Shape and colour, emotionsand colour, what we recognise as anger, calm, happy. Thick and thin brush work, control of the brush. Responding to the stories, Spots on the Tummy, King Cuthbert's Birthday, The Princess and the Pea and Fred the Dragon. All brush control, following instructions.

	Produce creative work and exploring their ideas and recording experiences	Know about great artists, craft makers and designers- understand historical and cultural development of the art form	Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art and craft techniques	Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
Year 1	In response to first hand observations: realobjects, pictures, artefacts and experiences	Describe what they think and feel about the work of a chosen artist, craft makeror designer	Begin to use drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques to explore the use of line, texture, colour, shape to create different effects, e.g. to apply acrylic paint thickly to add texture.	Describe some of the art anddesign techniques they have used in their work, e.g. painting, collage, printing, drawing and sculpture.
	Talk about their ideas and choices they have made: media and materials	Begin to talk about the style of a chosen artist, craft maker or designer	Begin to demonstrate control of given tools and materials to create a desired effect,	Talk about the features they like in their own work and in the work of others.
	Begin to work creatively: range of media on different scales			Talk about what they might change in their own work.



<u>Drawing</u>	<u>3D</u>	<u>Textiles</u>	<u>Painting</u>
Drawing Responding to words (descriptive vocabulary) Making marks in response to music, Listening to six genres and drawing in paint how this makes us feel. Drawing on different surfaces with different mediums, chalk, pencil, felts, crayons. Responding to the story of Plop, The Owlwho was Afraid of the Dark and observational drawing of toys.	3D Aboriginal art, learning about aborigines. Painting with corks, cotton buds in the style. Making and decorating a didgeridoo. Clay work, manipulating the clay with fingers and clay tools. Responding to and following instruction to the stories with clay to make sculptures of King Cuthbert, The Magic Garden and Matilda the Hen.	Textiles Explaining what textiles mean, sewing, knitting, using fabric etc. Dip dying white cotton fabric squares with Brusho dye in the primary colours, what happens when the colours touch? Drawing on fabric, how is it different to paper? Rubbings on paper the on fabric, what is the difference? Printing on fabric, using fabric paints. Simple sewing on large binka with safety needles.	Painting Studying artists Kandinsky and Anthony Frost. Using colour for emotion, painting music in the style of Kandinsky. Writing in paint, mastering the brush, how to hold it, using the tip for detail. Investigating paper to paint on, will any paper do? Responding to stories in paint, Wilberforce the Frog on white paper and black, what is different about the colours? The Quangle Wangles Hat, choose and paint with watercolours.

	Produce creative work and exploring their ideas and recording experiences	Know about great artists, craft makers and designers—understand historical and cultural development of the art form	Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art and craft techniques	Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
Year 2	Develop and record their ideas through painting, drawing, sculpture in response to first hand observations, e.g. real objects, photographs, artefacts, and experiences.	Recognise the styles of artists, craft makers or designers anduse this to inform their own work.	Confidently use drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques to explore the use of line, texture, colour, shape to create different effects, e.g. cross hatchingwith felt tip pens.	Talk about the techniques, materials and equipment used in their work and the work of others
	Talk about and answer questions about the starting point, and choices they have made, e.g. chosen tools, media, materials.	differences between different artists, craft makers or	Begin to demonstrate control of tools and materials of their choice to create a desired effect, e.g. select, cut and shape faux fur fabric for a tiger hand puppet.	Describe what they like about theirown work and the work of others using appropriate language
	Show confidence in working creatively e.g. with a range of media on different scales.			Adapt and make changes to their work and the tools they use as it develops.
				Describe how they have changed and adapted their work for a specific purpose, e.g. use of specific tools to create more texture.



<u>Drawing</u>	<u>Drawing</u> <u>Collage</u> <u>Printing</u>		<u>Painting</u>
<u>Drawing</u> Artist Vincent van Gogh. Exploring	<u>Collage</u> Artist of study, Paul Klee, Victor	<u>Printmaking</u> Responding to the story The Coach	Painting Investigating colour and shades of
shading and tone, which pencil to use for what	Varasley and Henri Matisse. The use of primary	Trip in groups using rollers etc. to follow the	colour, colour families, Hot and cold colours.
purpose. Line work, linear, exploring line making.	colours creating secondary colours. Recreating	adventure. Look at each others, can you retell	Looking at paint charts, making our own, one
Hatching in different tones, light, mid and dark.	Paul Klee's Highways and Byways using primary	the story from their prints? Printing over	colour adding white and black, name each shade.
Responding to the story of the Hippocrump first	and secondary coloured papers. Black and white	textured surfaces. What do we think the results	Lightening and darkening colours. Artists Van
inpencil then in colour. Using imagination. Pattern	opticalart in the style of Varasley,	will be, arethey the results we predicted?	Gogh, Constable, Turner, Hambling and Lanyon,
work, can I continue the pattern in pattern and	Ruler/measuring skills and scissors/cutting skills.	Monoprinting on acetate , oil based printing ink	looking at their sky and sea scapes. Recreating
colour? Developing the pattern.	Why Matisse went from painting to Collage, who	with rollers, scratchaway design and print.	ineach of their styles. Which did they enjoy
	can remember Matisse from year one? Create	Animal skins and furs, recreate on clay and	and why? Tonking and sgraffito techniques,
	collage in his style.	print. Fingerprint art.	using seaand sky as theme.

	Produce creative work and exploring their ideas and recording experiences	Know about great artists, craft makers and designers- understand historical and cultural development of the art form	Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art and craft techniques	Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
Year 3	Choose their own starting point from a range of ideas e.g. a visit to an art gallery, an artefact, digital images, experiences.	Discuss the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.	Beginning to use learnt techniques in drawing, painting, sculpture and otherart, craft and design in	Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others'work, e.g. talk about the
, 54. 5	Begin to record their thoughts and experiences ina sketch book / 'ideas journal'.		different contexts, e.g. work on different scales both independently and collaboratively.	features they like in a piece of art work.
	Explain the reasons for their ideas, and discuss and answer questions about how their ideas have developed.	Begin to understand the historical and/orcultural significance of a chosen artist / art form.	Demonstrate control of chosen tools and materials to create a desired effect.	Use sketch book / 'ideas journal' to adapt their work as their ideas develop, and discuss this
	Show confidence and independence when working creatively e.g. with a range of media ondifferent scales.			with others.





<u>Drawing</u>	<u>Painting</u>	<u>3D</u>	<u>Textiles</u>
<u>Drawing</u> Shading and tone, pencil work, linear,	Painting Mastering the paint brush, how to hold,	3D Clay work, Coiled pot with lid. Using two	<u>Textiles</u> Dip dying white cotton fabric squares
what pencil for what? Light and dark tones. Responding to the story The Hippocrump, What	how to use successfully. To use a brush like a pencil,to draw in paint. Artists Georgia O'Keefe	colours of clay to create a small delicate pot, some will make a lid to fit. Paper sculptures (Quilling) to	intoprimary coloured dyes. Printing on dyed fabric withfabric paints. Tie dye. Using a t-shirt,
dowe think he looks like? What are the clues?	(watercolours how to use correctly) JMW Turner	form a 3D image, using black and white card and	learning different tie-dye techniques. Dyed with
Observational drawing of natural forms, feathers	(Skies and seas with more than one colour) Painting	paper, measuring and cutting skills. Glued into	primary coloured dyes in technique of choice. T-
cones, rocks etc. Artists John Brunsdon	on different surfaces are all surfaces good for	position. Brown gummed paper 3D shoe. Design,	shirts then worn for P.E. at school. Looking at
(landscapes,contour and shade) William Morris	painting? Writing as finely as possible on these	make, decorate, name and advertise shoe. Using old	artist Michael Brennan-Wood. Embellishing fabric
(patterns) Bridget Riley (optical art)	painting surfaces using the tip of the brush.	shoes to create a base before cutting them out to	in his style including simple sewing stitches on
	Understanding shading with paint and overpainting.	leave a shell.	Binka fabric.

	Produce creative work and exploring their ideas and recording experiences	Know about great artists, craft makers and designers- understand historical and cultural development of the art form	Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art and craft techniques	Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
	Investigate different starting points for theirwork, and choose which idea to develop further.	Discuss and analyse the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this toinform their own work.	Use learnt techniques in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design in different	Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work, e.g. talk about the features
Year 4	Record their thoughts and experiences in a sketch book / 'ideas journal', and begin to annotate these.		contexts and with a variety of materials, e.g. use knowledge of weaving to create awillow sculpture.	they like and the changes they would make to a piece of art work.
	Explain how they are developing their ideas as they work, and are beginning to use language appropriate to the chosen style of art.	Understand the historical and / or cultural significance of the work of a chosen artist /art form.	Demonstrate control of a range of tools and materials to create desired effects, e.g. when drawing use different grades of pencil to create	Use sketch book / 'ideas journal' to adapt their work as their ideas develop; make annotations in their books to describe how they might
	Use creative thinking to begin to adapt an initial idea, e.g. experiment with alternative colour palette.		variations in tone.	develop their work further.



<u>Drawing</u>	<u>Print Making</u>	<u>3D</u>	<u>Textiles</u>
<u>Drawing</u> . Creating Hundertwasser inspired	Printmaking Artist Michael Rothenstien.	<u>3D</u> Artist Alberto Giacometti. Drawing of the	Painting Artists studied, Chris Ofili Derain and
buildings picture, adding an acetate layer then in	Reduction Block Printing. Planning a suitable design,	humanform, proportion. Create a statue in the	Matisse. Self portrait in Ofili style using paints
marker pen drawing linear on top (layered imaging).	flowers, boats etc. Split into thirds. One third	style of Giacometti. Using wires, masking tape, mod	close to his colours with added texture. Using an
Observational drawing Fruits and vegetables,	yellow,one red and one blue. Each week we carve	roc plaster and clay to build up a human form.	acetates layer paint over the portrait in his style.
looking for the markings and light. Drawing from	the third into the press print foam Adding the	Decorated with metallic paint. This takes four	Fauvist painters Matisse and Derain, strong, bold,
imagination, what COULD be inside those fruits	next layer the following week until all three are	weeks.Clay slab vases with a coloured inlay. If	unrealisticcolours. Abstract images. Mixing colours
etc.Negative drawing, white on black and black on	added. This builds up the finished print.	time, paper tissue bowls.	while painting straight onto the page. Black
white. Using chalk and charcoal self portraits in			outlines.
the Auerbach style.			Wallpaper patterns , continue and change in pattern
			and colour.

Year 5	Produce creative work and exploring their ideas and recording experiences	Know about great artists, craft makers and designers- understand historical and cultural development of the art form	Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art and craft techniques	Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
	Investigate a range of starting points for their work, and choose which idea to develop further.	Critically analyse the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to informtheir own work.	Use their knowledge of drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques to work creatively e.g. adapting the style of an artist to create their own effect.	Use appropriate language when comparing ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work.
	Record their thoughts and experiences in a sketch book / 'ideas journal', and annotate these in order to aid the development of their ideas.			
	Explain how they are developing their ideas as they work, and use language appropriate to the chosen art form.	Understand how a chosen artist or art form has contributed to the culture and /or history of a specific nation.	Are confident when working with a wide range of tools and materials to create different effects. Graphic filter	Describe what they think and feel about their own and others' work and how this might influence their designs.
	Use creative thinking to adapt an initial idea, e.g. experiment with alternative colour palette.			Use sketch book /'ideas journal' to evaluate and adapt their work as their ideas develop; make annotations in their books to show their ongoing evaluations and how they might develop their work further.





<u>Drawing</u>	<u>Textiles</u>	<u>3D</u>	<u>Painting</u>
<u>Drawing</u> Tone, light, mid and dark tones. Recognising when to use which pencil. Self portraitshowing tone with a pop art style three colours to show tone. Portraits of staff and leaders. Observational drawing of fresh fruits and vegetables cut open. First in pencil then in pastelshowing tone. Face off, half face matched as realistic as possible, other half in Picasso style. Artist Picasso.	Textiles Painting fabric with Brusho fabric dye, watching colours merge to create new. Drawing onthe dyed fabric with pen buildings and structures from architect Norman Foster. Sewing a simple purse adding a button, button hole and seams. Decorated with cross stitch. Using needles and thread creating a simple pattern. Cross stitch, making a Christmas design in cross stitch.	3D Rainforest animal masks made from brown gummed paper. Using a balloon, tissue paper and gummed paper, with a partner cover twice. When dry cut in half add modifications and gum paper again. Paint white, then paint in chosen animal, realistically. Add fastening. Clay work, sculptures inhuman form in the style of artist Henry Moore. Reclining woman and woman and child sculptures.	Painting Artists Patrick Heron, Patrick Caulfield, Picasso and Braque. Coastlines in the style of Heron, merging colour into each other on the paper. Abstract or realistic, birds eye view. Colour families, warm and cold, emotion, seasonal. Cubistpainting items around the classroom, chairs etc. Bold colours, black outlines.

	Produce creative work and exploring their ideas and recording experiences	Know about great artists, craft makers and designers- understand historical and cultural development of the art form	Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art and craft techniques	Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
Year 6	Independently investigate a range of starting points for their work, and confidently develop their ideas further.	Critically analyse the styles of a range of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.	Use their knowledge of drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques, imaginatively to create their own style, e.g. use spray	Use language specific to a range of techniques to identify effective and ineffective features and use this to inform and evaluate their own work.
	Record their thoughts and experiences in a sketch book / 'ideas journal', and review and revisit these ideas as theirwork develops.		paint on canvas.	Use sketch book / 'ideas journal' to adapt and critically evaluate their work as their ideas develop.
	Are confident to work creatively, adapting ideas, and taking risks when choosing tools, materials and media.	Explain how a chosen artist or art form has contributed to the culture and /or history of a specific nation.	Develop their own style when workingwith a wide range of tools and materials, e.g. working into prints using their own choice of media such as pens, ballpoint pens, paints.	Annotations reflect their critical evaluations and development of ideas.
	Confidently use language appropriate to the chosen art form, to help them to explain their ideas.			Reflect on the ways in which their imaginative workhas developed from a range of starting points.