Science Key Learning Penguins, possums and pigs

- Identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.
- Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. Look at their diet.
- Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, and including pets).
- Find out and describe how animals look different to one another.
- Group together animals according to their different features.
- Recognise similarities between animals: structure: head, body, way of moving, senses, body covering, tail.
- Know that Animals have senses to explore the world around them and to help them to survive.
- Recognise that animals need to be treated with care and sensitivity to keep them alive and healthy.
- Animals are alive; they move, feed, grow, use their senses and reproduce.

Key Questions	Key Vocabulary
How do we know they are animals?	Mammal – a warm blooded animal that gives birth to live
	young
What makes an animal an animal? What features do	Amphibian- a cold blooded animal that can live on land and in
animals have? (head, body/body parts, body covering, way	water
of moving, senses, number of legs, wings, etc.)	
What things are similar between two different animals?	Reptile – a vertebrate animal that can have dry skin and lay
	eggs
All animals are the same? True or False	Habitat – a natural home or environment that an animal lives
	in
How do different animals move?	Camouflage – the colouration of an animal that blends in with
	its surroundings
What sort of animals live in these hot/cold places?	Prey – an animal that is hunted by another animal for food



What will we be learning about in this topic?

- Observe and compare a variety of different animals from different groups (mammals, birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles). Compare, sort and group these animals in different ways.
- Record how different animals move, feed and what they look like/body covering.
- Make me an animal. Label the six sides of a dice with the words push, pull, squash, twist, stretch, pinch
 (simplify by just repeating the words push and pull). Give each child some malleable material and challenge
 them to make an animal (e.g. hedgehog, duck, fish).
- What kind of animal do you think a possum is? Get the children to draw what they think a possum looks like. Can they label it (e.g. head, body, tail, etc.)? Can they find a picture of a possum on the internet such and find something out about the head, tail, body/body covering, legs, eyes, ears, nose. Can the children say or write one thing about each part of the possum. How does it compare to their initial thoughts of what a possum might be? Can they guess what its super sense might be from the way it looks?
- Describe features of animals for other children to guess using precise vocab.
- Vets Role Play
- What do animals eat? Compare diets of different animals.

